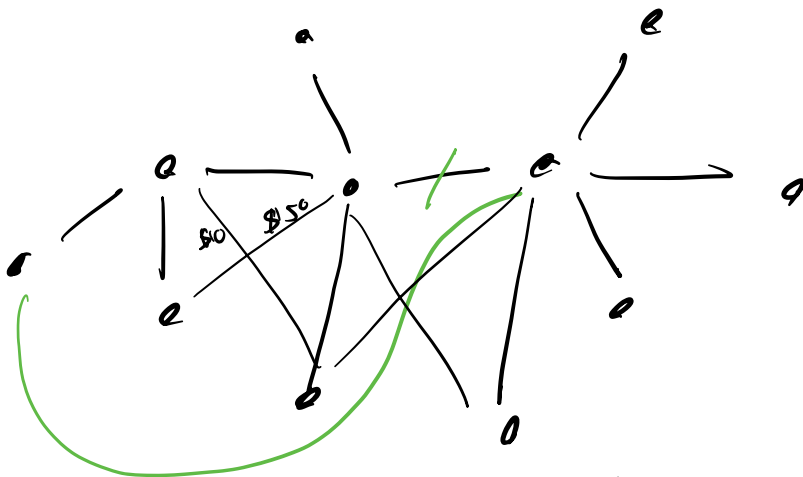


Puzzler If you list the first natural numbers up to 1,000,000 in alphabetical order (ignoring spaces) what is the first odd number in the list?

Herb Wilf
UPenn math
1962-2006
Author of
"generative combinatorics"



optimize : minimize cost of connectivity.
"minimal spanning tree"

cost \longleftrightarrow distance ?

minimize travel time. (w/ population in mind?)

The chromatic polynomial

$$G \rightsquigarrow \chi_G(x)$$

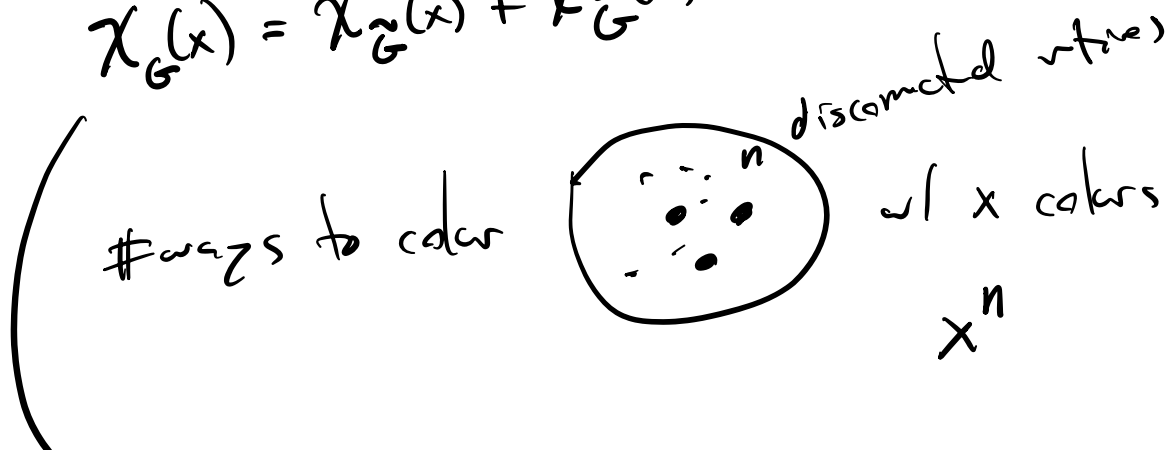
$$G = \bullet \quad \chi_{\bullet}(x) = x$$

↑
#ways to color w/ 5 colors = 5



$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{ color } G &= \# \{ \text{color } G \mid x \text{ \& } y \text{ have same color} \} \\ &+ \# \{ \text{color } G \mid x \text{ \& } y \text{ have diff. colors} \} \\ &\quad \# \text{ways to color } \tilde{G} \end{aligned}$$

$$\chi_G(x) = \chi_{\tilde{G}}(x) + \chi_{G/e}(x)$$



$$\chi_{\mathbb{G}}(x) = \chi_{\mathbb{G}}(x) - \chi_{\mathbb{G}}(x)$$

$$\chi_{(\mathbb{Z}/e)}(x) = \chi_{(\mathbb{Z}/e)}(x) - \chi_{(\mathbb{Z})}(x)$$

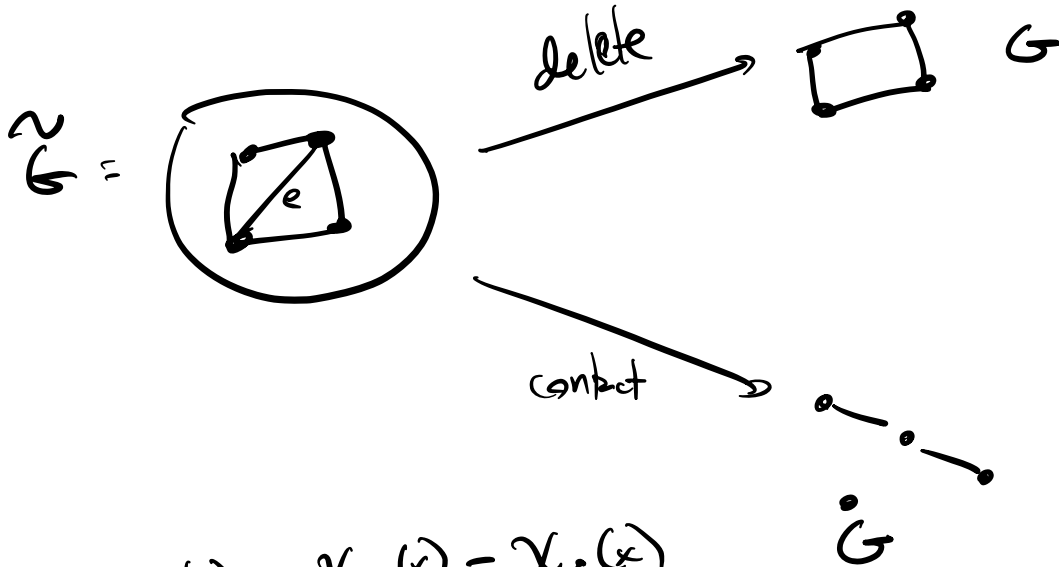
$$\chi_{(\mathbb{Z}/e)}(x) = \underbrace{\chi_{(\mathbb{Z}/e)}(x)}_{x^3} - \underbrace{\chi_{(\mathbb{Z})}(x)}_{x^2}$$

$$\chi_{(\mathbb{Z})}(x) = \underbrace{\chi_{(\mathbb{Z})}(x)}_{x^2} - \underbrace{\chi_{(\mathbb{Z})}(x)}_x$$

$$\chi_{(\mathbb{Z}/e)}(x) = (x^3 - x^2) - (x^2 - x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x^3 - x^2 - x^2 + x \\ &= x^3 - 2x^2 + x \end{aligned}$$

$$\chi(G)(2) = 2^3 - 2(2)^2 + 2 = 8 - 2 \cdot 4 + 2 = 2$$



$$\chi_{\tilde{G}}(x) = \chi_G(x) - \chi_G(x)$$

