

"last time" Fréchet

Def of the derivative of a function $f: \overset{\circ}{X} \rightarrow Y$

$f'(x)$ X, Y metric spaces x

Def of the Gateaux differential $f: \overset{\circ}{X} \rightarrow Y$

$dF(x, v) \leftarrow$ at x in v direction x

(partial derivative) $X = \mathbb{R}^n$

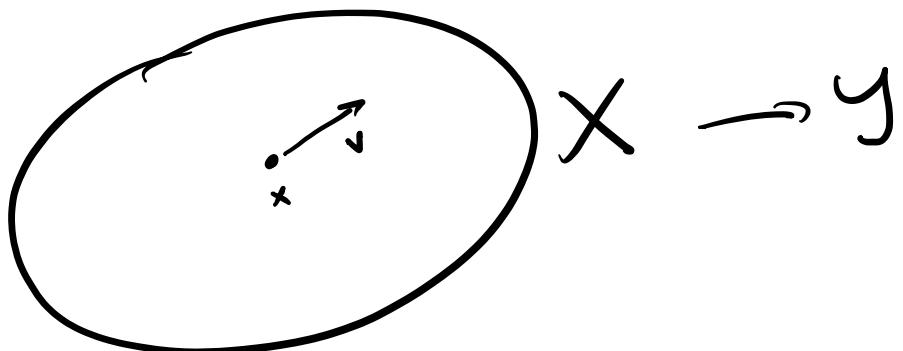
how f changes
when we move
from x to
 $x + \varepsilon v$

$$\frac{df}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}$$

$$dx$$

$$df$$



$$df(x, v) = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \varepsilon v) - f(x)}{\varepsilon} \in Y$$

$$X = \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$Y = \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$f(\vec{x}) = (e^{x_1+x_2}, x_1-x_2, x_1x_2^2+x_2)$$

"
f(x₁, x₂)

$$x_1=0 \quad x_2=1 \quad v=(1,0)$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\varepsilon v) - f(x)}{\varepsilon} = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f((0,1) + \varepsilon(1,0)) - f(0,1)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(\varepsilon, 1) - f(0, 1)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e^{\varepsilon+1}, \varepsilon-1, \varepsilon+1) - (e^1, -1, 1)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e^{\varepsilon+1} - e, \varepsilon, \varepsilon)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\varepsilon+1} - e}{\varepsilon} \quad \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon} \quad \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

L'hospital's rule

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\varepsilon+1} \cdot 1 - 0}{1} = e \quad df(x, v) \quad (e, 1, 1)$$

at direction

$$df(x, v) = df((0,1), (1,0)) = (e, 1, 1)$$

= $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \Big|_{(0,1)} (0,1) + \varepsilon (1,0)$

*definition
of the
partial derivative*

$x_1 \longleftarrow (1,0)$

Interpretation:

$$f(x + \varepsilon v) \approx f(x) + \frac{df(x, v)}{\|v\|} \varepsilon \quad \varepsilon \text{ small}$$

$$f((0,1) + (1,0)\varepsilon) \approx f(0,1) + (e, 1, 1)\varepsilon$$

Contrast: Fréchet derivative $f'(x)$

$$f(x + \varepsilon v) \approx f(x) + f'(x)v\varepsilon$$

$$f'(x)v = \frac{df(x, v)}{\|v\|}$$

$$df(x, \lambda v) = \lambda df(x, v)$$

$$df(x, v) = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \varepsilon v) - f(x)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \varepsilon v) - (f(x) + df(x, v) \varepsilon)}{\varepsilon} = 0$$

$$\lim_{\|h\| \rightarrow 0} \frac{\|f(x + h) - (f(x) + f'(x)h)\|}{\|h\|} = 0$$

$$h = \varepsilon v \quad f'(x)h \\ f'(x)v \varepsilon$$