

Conditional probabilities (continuous case) reminder

def of cond. prob: $P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)}$

$$P(X \in I)$$

$$\int_{Y=-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{X \in I} f(x,y) dx dy$$

X, Y jointly cont, w/
density $f(x,y)$

$$P(X \in I | Y=a) = \frac{\int_{X \in I} f(x,a) dx}{\int_{X=-\infty}^{\infty} f(x,a) dx}$$

$P(E|F)$

$$P(X \in I | X < Y) = \frac{P(X \in I \text{ and } X < Y)}{P(X < Y)}$$

$$\frac{\iint_{X \in I, X < Y} f(x,y) dx dy}{\iint_{X < Y} f(x,y) dx dy} = \frac{\int_{X \in I} \left(\int_x^{\infty} f(x,y) dy \right) dx}{\int_{X \in \mathbb{R}} \left(\int_x^{\infty} f(x,y) dy \right) dx}$$

Note:
$$\int_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \int_x^{\infty} f(x,y) dy dx = \int_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \int_{-\infty}^y f(x,y) dx dy$$

"
$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(E \cap F)}{P(F)}$$
 "

$$P(X \in I \mid X < Y, Y = a)$$

$$= \frac{\int_{x \in I \cap (-\infty, a)} f(x, a) dx}{\int_{x \in (-\infty, a)} f(x, a) dx}$$

How to think about this:

if we fix the condition $X < Y$

$$P(E \mid X < Y)$$

$$P(X \in I \mid X < Y \mid Y = a)$$

Review sheet #8

$X = \#$ rolls to get 1 or 2

$Y = \#$ rolls to get any specific number

$$E(X+Y) = 3+6 = 9.$$

Recall: if have prob. p of success,
expected time until success (geometric) is $\frac{1}{p}$

1. Choose X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n from $[0,1]$
increase at i if $X_i < X_{i+1}$

$I = \#$ increases. $E[I]$

E_i event of an increase at i I_i indicator for E_i

$$I = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} I_i$$

$$P(E_i) = \int_{x_i=0}^1 \int_{x_{i+1}=0}^{x_i} 1 dx_i dx_{i+1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E[I] = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} E[I_i] = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} P(E_i) = \frac{n-1}{2}.$$



4. X & Y uniform in $[0,1]$ find $E[X^2+Y^2]$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (x^2+y^2) dx dy$$

5. A, B, C uniform on $[0,1]$

$P(Ax^2+Bx+C=0 \text{ has two real roots})$

$$P(\underline{B^2-4AC} > 0)$$

$$B^2 > 4AC$$

$$A < \frac{B^2}{4C}$$

$$= \int \int \int 1 dA dB dC$$

A, B, C

$$B^2-4AC > 0$$

$$= \int_{C=0}^1 \int_{B=0}^1 \int_{A=0}^{\min\{B^2/4C, 1\}} dA dB dC$$

$$= \int_C \int_B B^2/4C dB dC$$

addendum: since all vars ≤ 1 , given C ,

$$\text{need } B^2 > 4AC \leq 1$$

$$1 > B^2 > 4AC$$

$$0 \leq A \leq \frac{1}{4C}$$

$$1 > B > 2\sqrt{AC}$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{4e} \quad \int_0^1 1 \delta B \delta A \delta C$$

$C=0 \quad A=0 \quad B=2\sqrt{AC}$