

Recall: A topos \mathcal{T} is a category which is equivalent to the category of sheaves on some site \mathcal{C} .

Recommend: look at Exercise 2L (f^{-1})

Def: If $\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}'$ are sites, a continuous map $f: \mathcal{C}' \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ is a functor $f: \mathcal{C}' \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ s.t. $\forall X \in \mathcal{C}'$, $\{X_i \rightarrow X\} \in \text{Cov}(X)$ the family $\{f(X_i) \rightarrow f(X)\} \in \text{Cov}(f(X))$ and f commutes w/ fiber products when they exist in \mathcal{C}' .

Needed: $\{X_i \rightarrow X\}$ cov., $Y \rightarrow X$ any morphism
 (sites)[↑] $\{X_i \times_X Y \rightarrow Y\}$ cover. (and fiber products exist!)

Def: If $\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}'$ are topoi, a morphism $f: \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}'$ is an adjoint pair of functors $f_*: \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}' \leftarrow \text{right}$
 $f^*: \mathcal{T}' \rightarrow \mathcal{T} \leftarrow \text{left}$
 if naturalise $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{T}}(f^* -, -) \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{T}'}(-, f_* -)$ of bifunctors.
 such that f^* commutes w/ finite limits.

Def: If $f: \mathcal{C}' \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ is cont. map of sites, $\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}'$ assoc. topoi
 then can define $f_*: \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}'$
 "Shv(\mathcal{C})" "Shv(\mathcal{C}')"

$$\text{via } (f_* F)(u) = F(f(u))$$

$$u \in \mathcal{C}'$$

this is a sheaf.

$$(f_* F)(u) \rightarrow \prod_i (f_* F)(u_i) \rightrightarrows \prod_{i,j} (f_* F)(u_i \times_u u_j)$$

$$\parallel \qquad \parallel \qquad \parallel$$

$$F(f(u)) \rightarrow \prod F(f(u_i)) \rightrightarrows \prod F(f(u_i \times_u u_j))$$

$$F(f(u_i) \times_{f(u)} f(u_j))$$

exact since F is a sheaf.

Rem: f_* as defined above also gives a functor

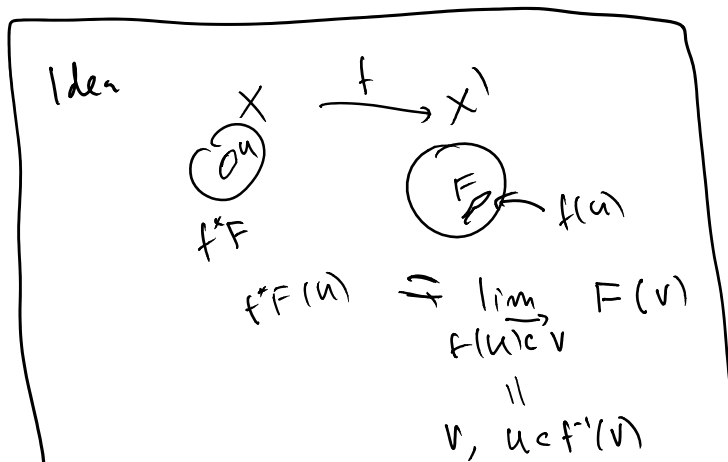
$$f_* : \hat{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{C}}'$$

Prop: if $f: \mathcal{C}' \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ cont. morph. of sites then

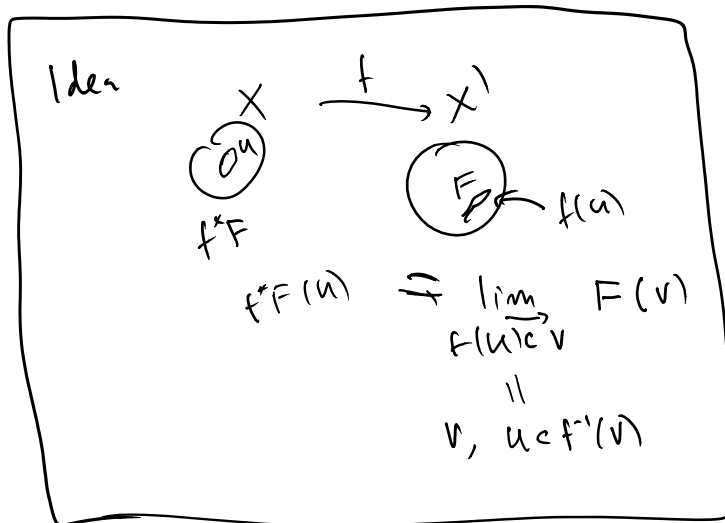
$$f_* : \hat{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{C}}'$$

(then get a left adjoint on sheaves via $f^*(F) = (\hat{f}^* F)^a$)

Pf. sketch:



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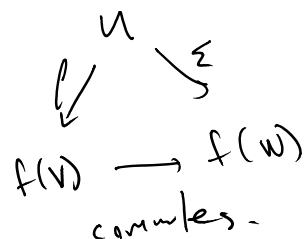


$$f^*F(u) = \lim_{\substack{\longrightarrow \\ v \text{'s} \\ u \rightarrow f(v)}} F(v)$$

given u , define
 I_u : Cat w/ objects
 $(v, \rho) \quad \rho: u \rightarrow f(v)$

$$f^*F(u) = \lim_{(v, \rho) \in I_u} F(v)$$

$$(v, \rho) \rightarrow (w, \varepsilon) \\ v \rightarrow w \text{ sd.}$$



Q: If $C' \xrightarrow{f} C$ continuous, is it true that
 $f^*(h_u) = h_{f(u)}$ (or when is this true?)

Prop If $C' \xrightarrow{f} C$ is continuous and if

- C' has all finite limits
- f commutes w/ finite limits

then $f^*: T' \rightarrow T$ commutes w/ finite limits \therefore hence

$$\text{limit} = \lim_{\leftarrow} \\ \text{colim} = \lim_{\rightarrow}$$

$f = (f_*, f^*, \tau)$ is a morphism of topoi.

Cohomology Exists

T topoi, Λ a ring object in T (T, Λ) ringed topoi.

$\text{Mod}_\Lambda = \text{cat of } \Lambda\text{-modules (sheaves of } \Lambda\text{-mods)}$

Thm Mod_Λ has enough injectives. (Stacks Project Tag 01DQ)

Usual proof. $\mathcal{F} \hookrightarrow \prod_{x \in X} \underbrace{i_x^*(i_x^* \mathcal{F})}_{\text{stalk at } x}$

$i_x^* \mathcal{F}$ is a $i_x^* \Lambda$ -mod, can stick into an injective one I_x

$$\mathcal{F} \hookrightarrow \prod_{x \in X} i_x^* i_x^* \mathcal{F} \hookrightarrow \prod_{x \in X} (i_x)_*(I_x)$$

Def $\text{pt} = \text{Shv}(\text{pt}) \cong \text{Sets}$.

$$(S, \{a,b\}) \hookrightarrow (S, *)$$

\downarrow

$$(T, \{a,b\})$$

Def a point in a topoi T is a morphism of topoi

$$\text{pt} \rightarrow T$$

$$f^*: T \rightarrow \text{Sets}$$

Def T has enough points if \exists a set X of points s.t.

Def T has enough points if \exists a set Λ of points \dots

$$T \rightarrow \text{Set}^X$$

$F \mapsto \{x^*F\}_{x \in X}$ is faithful.

Ex: X top space, $T = \text{Shv}(X)$ then if $x \in X$

$\{x\} \rightarrow X$ top space map gives a morphism of sites $\{$

map of topoi $\{$ a point $x \in T$ $x: \text{pt} \rightarrow T$

$$x^*F = F_x$$

$$x^*, x_*$$

X are enough pts for T

Given enough pts, do \square

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & N \\ & \nearrow & \uparrow \\ I & \longleftrightarrow & M \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \mathcal{G} \\ & \nearrow & \uparrow \\ \mathcal{A} & \longleftrightarrow & \mathcal{F} \\ \downarrow & & \\ i_* & \text{=} & \mathcal{I} \end{array}$$